

# CDMA

## RX AND TX IF/BASEBAND PROCESSORS



CDMA Technologies  
Enabling the Future of Communications.

### IFR3000/IFT3000

IFR3000™ / IFT3000™  
QUALCOMM CDMA TECHNOLOGIES

Figure 1. IFR3000 and IFT3000 Devices in a Subscriber Unit

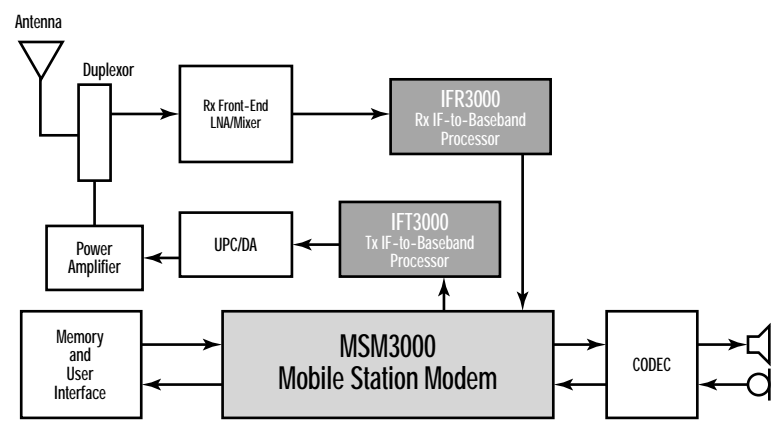
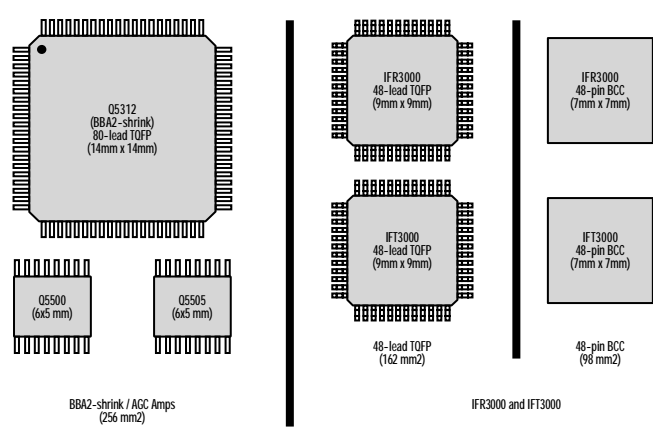


Figure 2. Substantial Board Real Estate Savings

### SMALLER PACKAGING

The IFR3000 and IFT3000 devices incorporate all the Rx and Tx processing capability of the QUALCOMM Q5312 Analog Baseband Processor (BBA2-shrink) together with the automatic gain control functionality of the QUALCOMM Q5500™ Rx and Q5505™ Tx AGC amplifiers. The result is a more economic, two-chip analog baseband solution which provides handset designers over a 60% reduction in size.



### OVERVIEW

The QUALCOMM IFR3000 and IFT3000 Rx and Tx IF/Baseband processors offer significant reduction in cost, size and pin count over previous generation products. By integrating the functionality of three Application Specific Integrated Circuits (ASICs) into two ASICs, designers now possess IF-to-Baseband and Baseband-to-IF processing power, and Rx and Tx Automatic Gain Control (AGC) circuitry on either two 48-pin Low-profile Quad Flat Pack (LQFP) packages or two 48-pin Bump Chip Carrier (BCC) packages.

The IFR3000 and IFT3000 Rx and Tx IF/Baseband processors are designed for use in dual-mode CDMA and FM portable cellular telephones. The IFR3000 and IFT3000 devices interface between the radio-frequency (RF) section and the digital processing circuitry of the telephone.

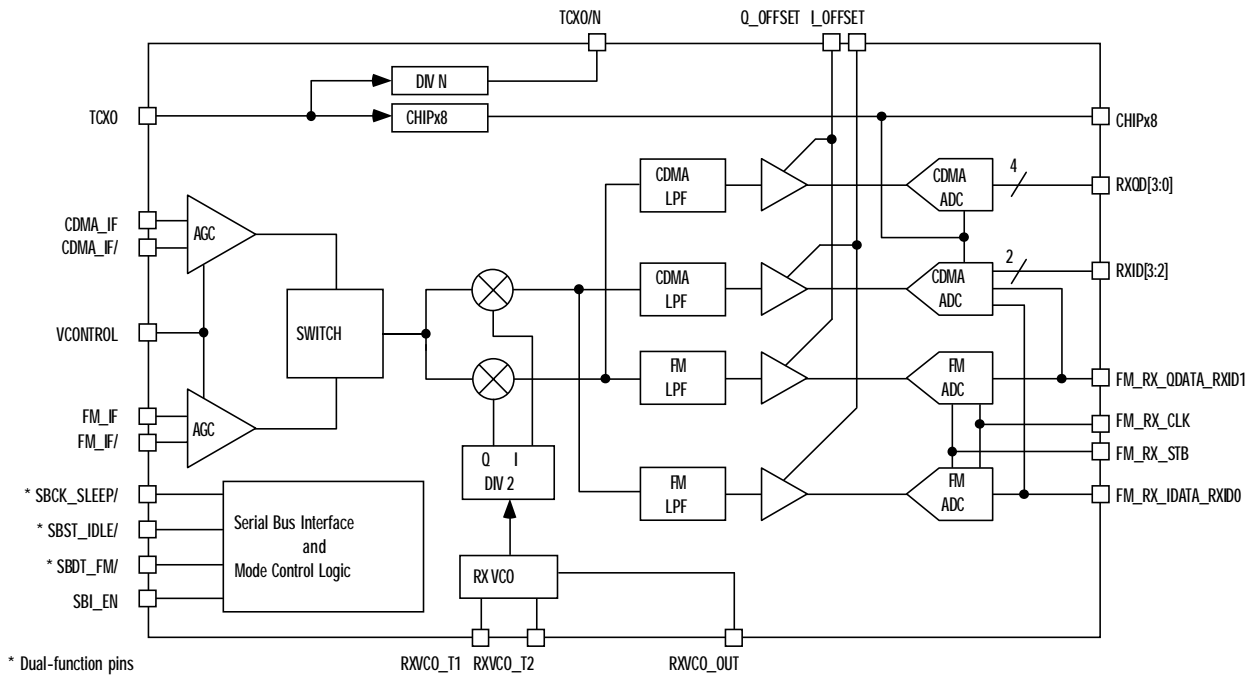
# CDMA

## FUTURE QUALCOMM CDMA TECHNOLOGIES

### IFR3000/IFT3000

IFR3000™/IFT3000™  
QUALCOMM CDMA TECHNOLOGIES

Figure 3. IFR3000 Functional Block Diagram



### IFR3000



The circuit blocks within the IFR3000 include the Rx AGC amplifier with 90 dB dynamic range, IF mixer and CDMA/FM low-pass filters for down-converting IF to analog baseband, and analog-to-digital converters (ADC) for converting to digital baseband. The IFR3000 includes clock

generators that drive the telephone's digital processor and a voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) which generates the Rx mixer local oscillator (LO) signal.

#### IFR3000 Device Features

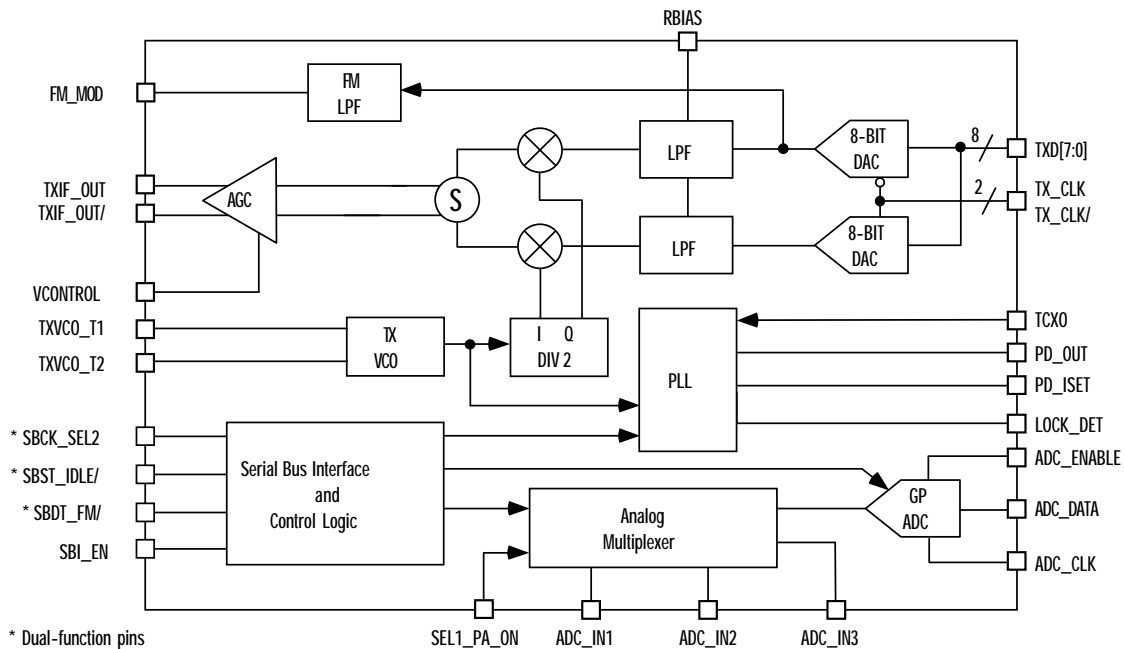
- Supports IS-98 (CDMA) and IS-19 (AMPS) standards for dual-mode operation
- 2.7 V to 3.15 V supply voltage
- Low current: 26 / 21 mA in CDMA Rx / FM Rx Modes
- Rx power control through 90 dB dynamic range AGC

- amplifier
- IF mixer for down-converting IF to analog baseband
- Low-pass filtering for CDMA and FM I- and Q-component baseband signal demodulation
- 4-bit ADCs convert CDMA I and Q analog baseband components to digital baseband
- 8-bit ADCs convert FM I and Q analog baseband to digital baseband
- Clock generators for CDMA / AMPS operation
- VCO for generation of Rx LO mixing signal

- I- and Q-channel DC offset control inputs drive baseband DC voltage offset to zero in CDMA and FM signal paths
- Operational Mode compatibility with the MSM2300™, MSM3000™ and MSM3100™ devices
- Enhanced features with MSM3000 device through three-line serial bus interface (SBI):
  - Slotted FM Mode
  - Selective power-down
  - Mode selection
- 48-lead LQFP and 48-pin BCC packaging options for dense circuit assemblies

# RX AND TX IF/BASEBAND PROCESSORS

Figure 4. IFT3000 Functional Block Diagram



## IFT3000



The circuit blocks within the IFT3000 device include digital-to-analog converters (DACs) for converting digital baseband to analog baseband, low-pass filters, a mixer for up-converting to IF and an 85 dB dynamic range Tx AGC amplifier. The IFT3000 device includes a fully programmable phase-locked

loop (PLL) for generating Tx LO and IF frequencies. The IFT3000 device also has an 8-bit general purpose ADC with three selectable inputs for monitoring battery level, RF signal strength and phone temperature.

### IFT3000 Device Features

- Supports IS-98 (CDMA) and IS-19 (AMPS) standards for dual-mode operation
- Operates on 2.7 V to 3.15 V supply voltage
- 8-bit DACs convert digital baseband signals to analog

- baseband
- CDMA and FM signal paths include low-pass filters for I and Q output waveform smoothing
- IF mixer up-converts analog baseband to IF
- Tx power control through 85 dB dynamic range AGC amplifier
- Programmable Tx PLL for generating Tx IF frequency
- VCO for generation of Tx LO mixing signal
- 8-bit general-purpose ADC with 3-input analog multiplexer and selectable input ranges

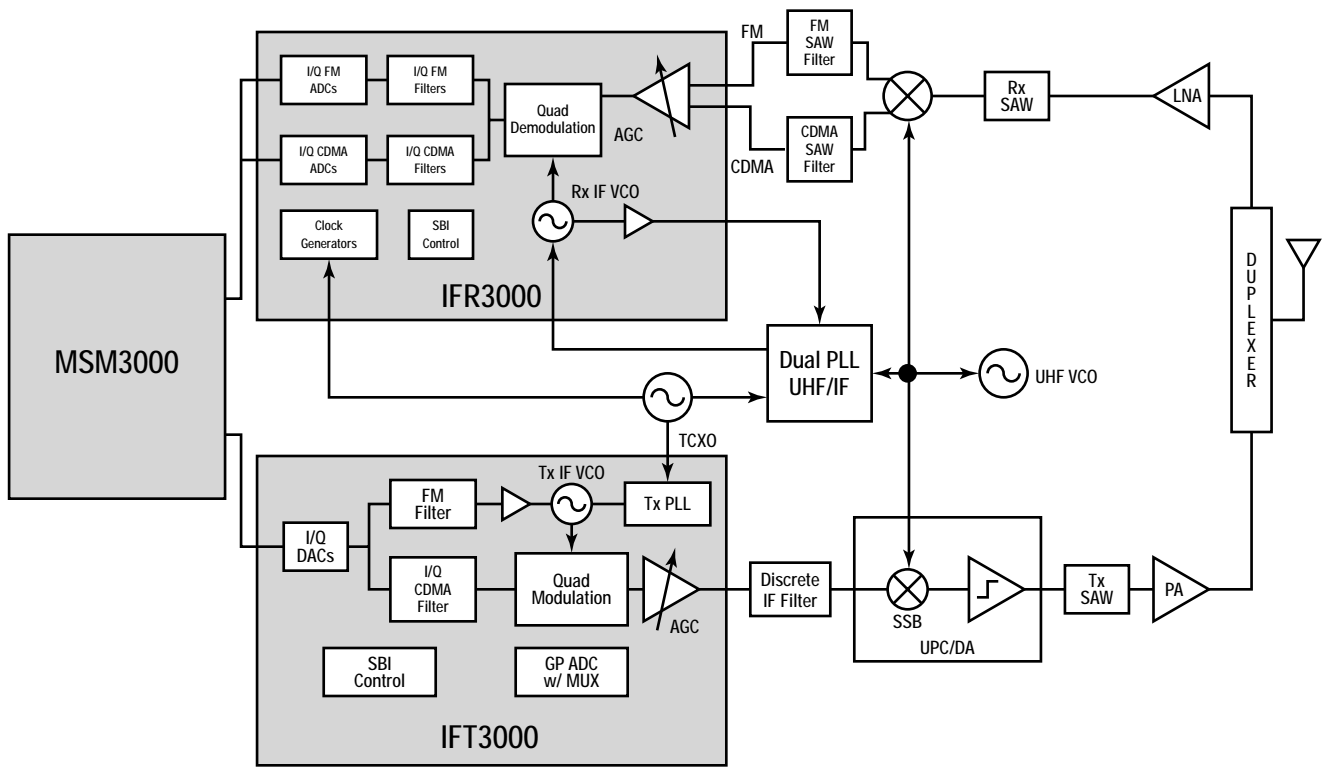
- Operational Mode compatibility with the MSM2300 and MSM3000 devices
- Enhanced features with MSM3000 device through three-line serial bus interface (SBI):
  - Tx PLL phase-detector polarity
  - Tx PLL programmability
  - Punctured CDMA transmission
  - Selective power-down
  - Mode selection
- 48-lead LQFP and 48-pin BCC packaging options for dense circuit assemblies

# CDMA

## RX AND TX IF/BASEBAND PROCESSORS



Figure 5. IFR3000 and IFT3000 devices as part of QUALCOMM's 5th Generation Chipset  
Dual-mode Cellular (CDMA/AMPS) Handset Architecture



### IFT3000/IFR3000 INTERFACES

Both the IFR3000 device and IFT3000 device interface directly with QUALCOMM's Mobile Station Modem (MSM™) ASICs. The MSM ASICs are CMOS VLSI integrated circuits that perform all digital

processing in the CDMA/FM subscriber unit. The combination of IFR3000, IFT3000 devices and MSM family ASICs form the core of the portable CDMA/FM subscriber unit.

©2000 QUALCOMM Incorporated. All rights reserved. QUALCOMM is a registered trademark and service mark and IFR3000, IFT3000, MSM, Mobile Station Modem, MSM2300, MSM3000 and MSM3100 are trademarks of QUALCOMM Incorporated. All other trademarks contained herein are the property of their respective owners.  
Printed in USA 6/2000 80-24683-3 Rev C